## Central Intelligence Agency





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Washington, D. C. 20505

## DIRECTORATE OF INTELLIGENCE

23 March 1984

Iraq: Use of Nerve Agent

Summary	
Iraq has begun using nerve agents on the Al Basrah front and likely will be able to employ it in militarily significant quantities by late this fall. An Iraqi nerve agent capability could have a significant impact on Iran's human wave tactics, forcing Iran to give up that strategy. Iraq's use of chemical weapons alone is not likely to result in an Iranian acceptance of an negotiated settlement, however, as long as Ayatollah Khomeini remains in power.	25X1 25X1
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Nerve Agent Use	25 <b>X</b> 1
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Research. Comments and queries are welcome and may be directed to the Chief,

Persian Gulf Division, NESA

<u>Capabil</u>	ities			
probably has facility at the facility Once full-so nerve agents Baghdad about	ready has a small-so a small stock-pile samarra is successful should begin full-state production begin to fill about forty at 3,000 bombs by Decilefield use during to	of nerve agentally bombed or cale productions, Iraq should 250 kilogram cember even wit	munitions. Uni production mista n sometime late be able to prod bombs per day. h some production	ess the chemical kes are made, this summer. uce sufficient This would give
Effectivenes	<u>s</u>			
pattlefield. one drop on control of a nerve agent weather cond	gents are much more Exposure through be the skin can cause relations and the skin can cause relations a very good offensi	reathing vapor eactions withind usually suf ery short effe only for about	s, eye contact, n minutes. The fers an agonizin ctive life span five minutes to	or as little as victim losses g death. The and depending on one hour. It
Iranian Resp	onse			
the use of c Baghdad. Wh	s attempts to bring hemical weapons will ile Iran has the cap acilities, we believ	probably contability to bom	inue to have lit b Iraq's chemica	tle influence on l weapons
racificies a	re located.			
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Implications	
If Iraq starts using nerve agents in large quantities, Tehran will have to retnink its war strategy. Iran's human wave tactics are especially susceptible to nerve agent attacks, and if Iran does not achieve a major military victory by this winter, it probably will not be able to in the future. Those Iranians not directly injured by chemical attacks would probably suffer serious morale problems and are likely to flee the pattlefield.	
Iranian commanders will probably argue that Tehran must give up large offensives and go back to a war of attrition with only periodically small	
attacks along the border. Iran will probably increasing resort to terrorism and subversion in its campaign to overthrow Saddam Hussein.  Iraq could also preempt Iranian attacks by using the weapon on Iranian supply and assembly areas. Direct hits would no longer be necessary to take out targets such as HAWK sites and headquarters. Baghdad could probably easily retake some territory, such as the Majnoon Islands, by using the nerve agent against Iranian positions about an hour before advancing. Attacks on civilian areas, such a Qom, in an attempt to force Tehran to the negotiating table, cannot be ruled out.	
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